Page 1 Changed chart(s) since Disc 14-2006 ADD = Added chart, REV = Revised chart, DEL = Deleted chart. ACT PROCEDURE IDENT INDEX REV DATE EFF DATE

No revision activity since Disc 14-2006

TERMINAL CHART NOTAMs

No Chart NOTAMs for Airport LPMA

General Info

, XJK N 32° 41.6' W 16° 46.7' Magnetic Variation: 6.7°W Elevation: 192'

Public, Control Tower, IFR, Landing Fee, Rotating Beacon, Customs Fuel: 100LL, Jet A-1 Repairs: Minor Airframe, Minor Engine

Time Zone Info: GMT uses DST

Runway Info

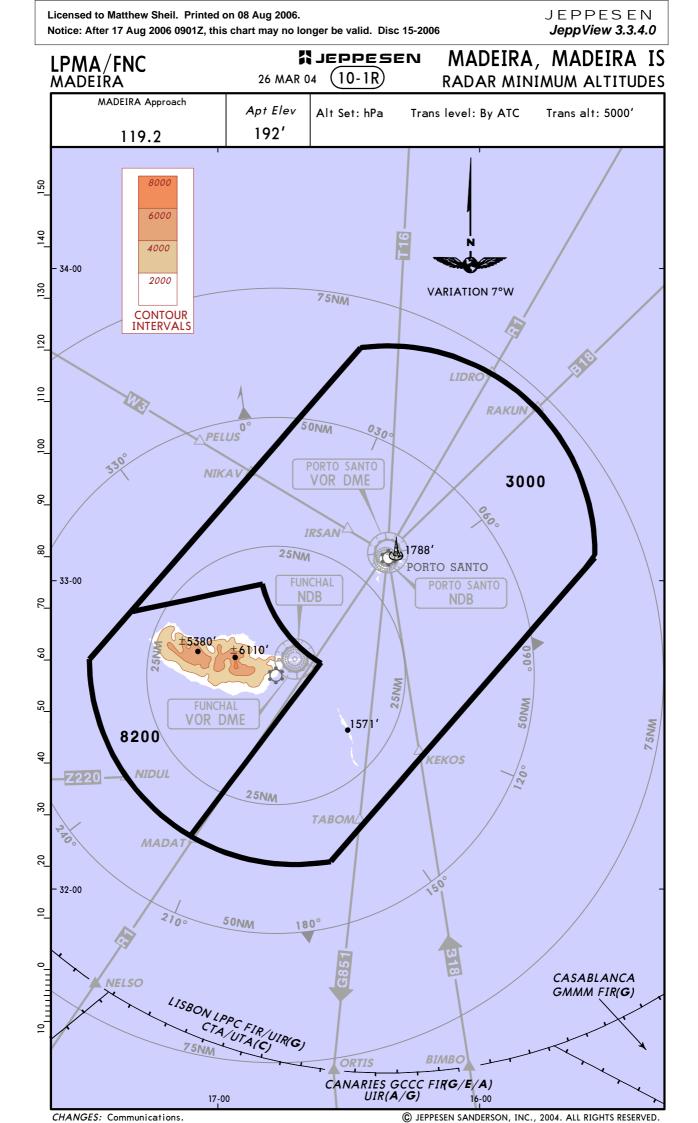
Runway 05-23 9124' x 148' asphalt

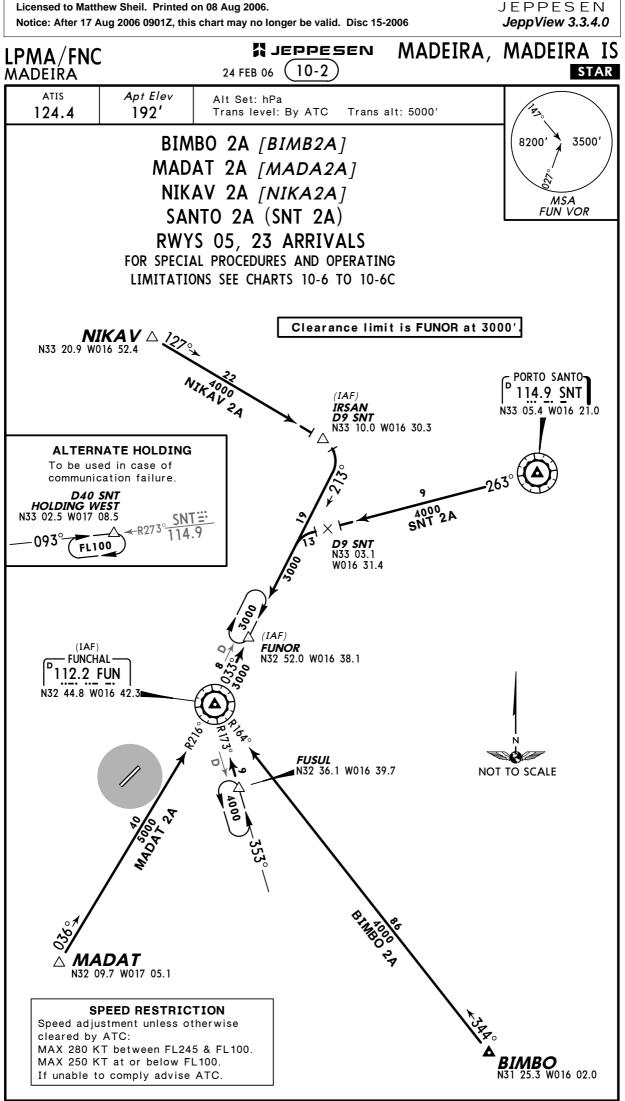
Runway 05 (52.0°M) TDZE 147' Lights: Edge, ALS, Centerline, TDZ Displaced Threshold Distance 492' Runway 23 (232.0°M) TDZE 192' Lights: Edge, ALS, Centerline, TDZ Displaced Threshold Distance 492'

Communications Info

ATIS **124.4** Madeira Tower **118.35** Madeira Tower **279.05** Military Madeira Approach Control **119.6** Secondary Madeira Approach Control **119.2** Madeira Approach Control **279.05** Military

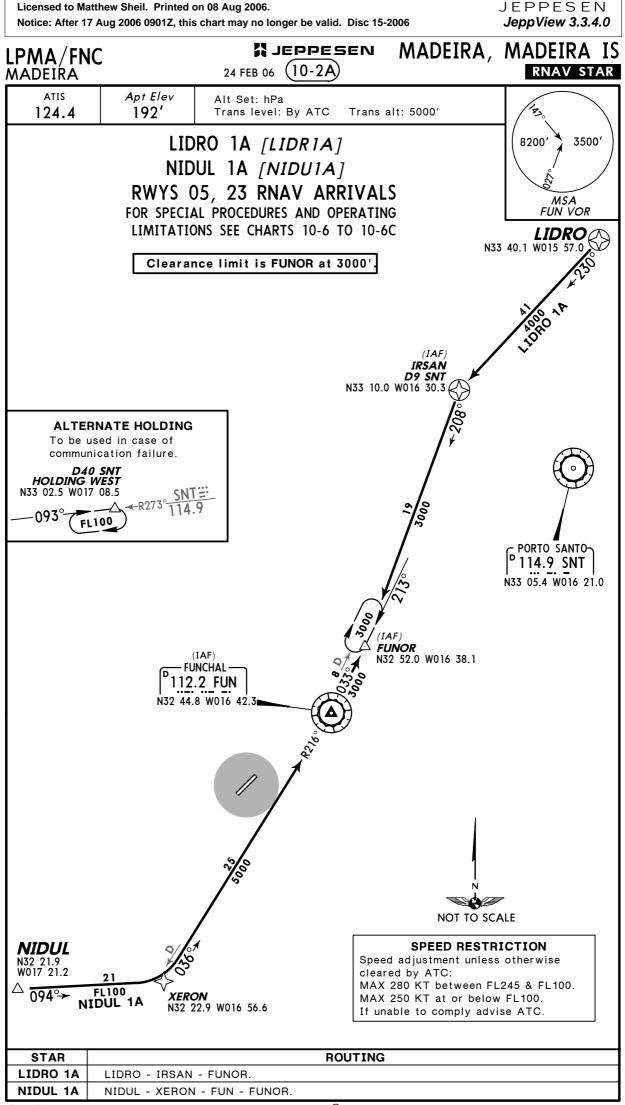
Notebook Info



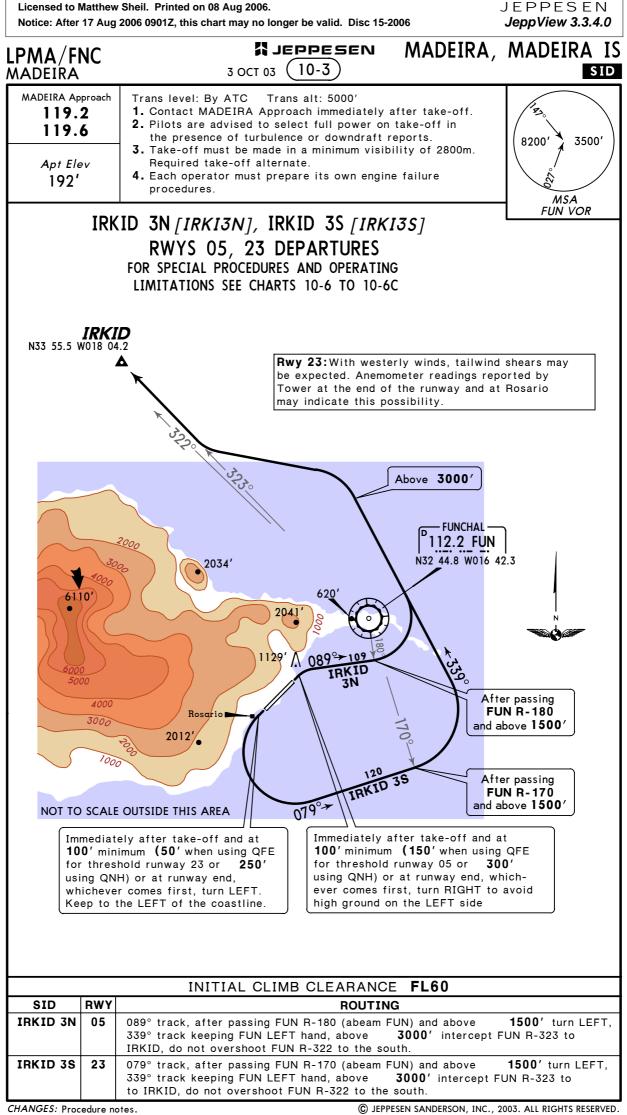


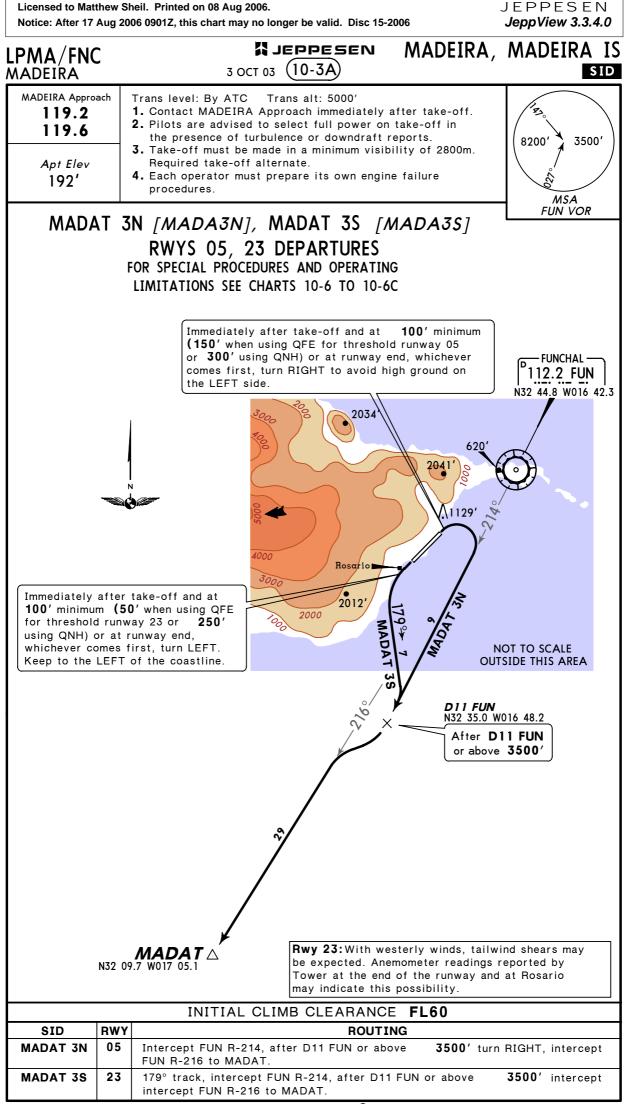
CHANGES: ATIS commissioned.

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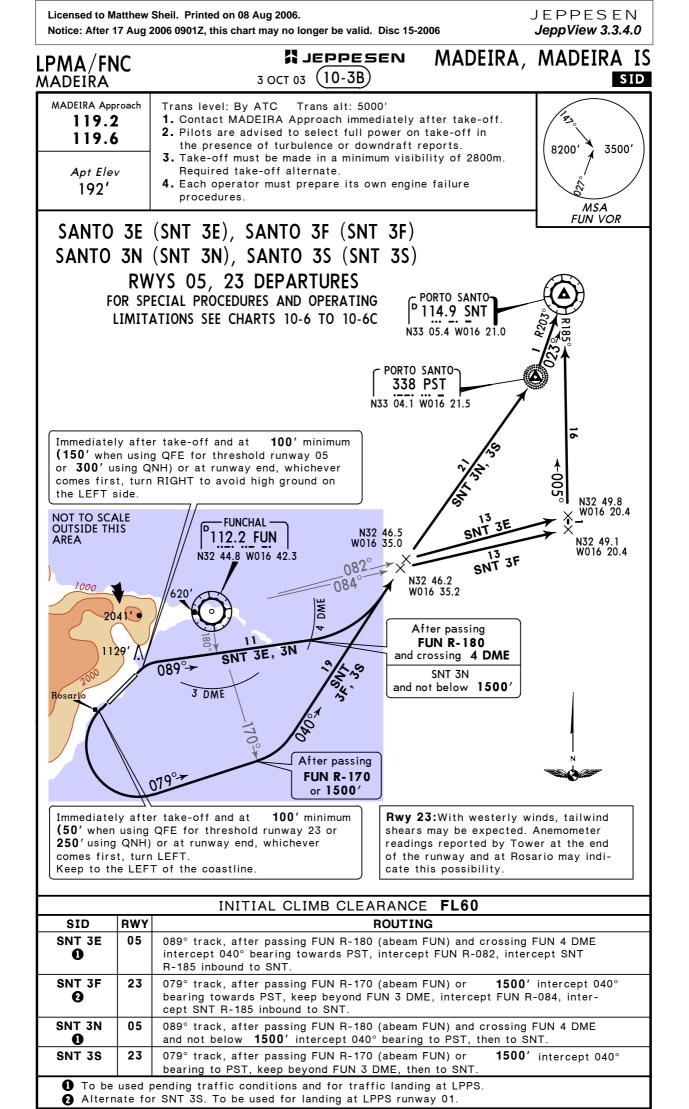
CHANGES: ATIS commissioned.



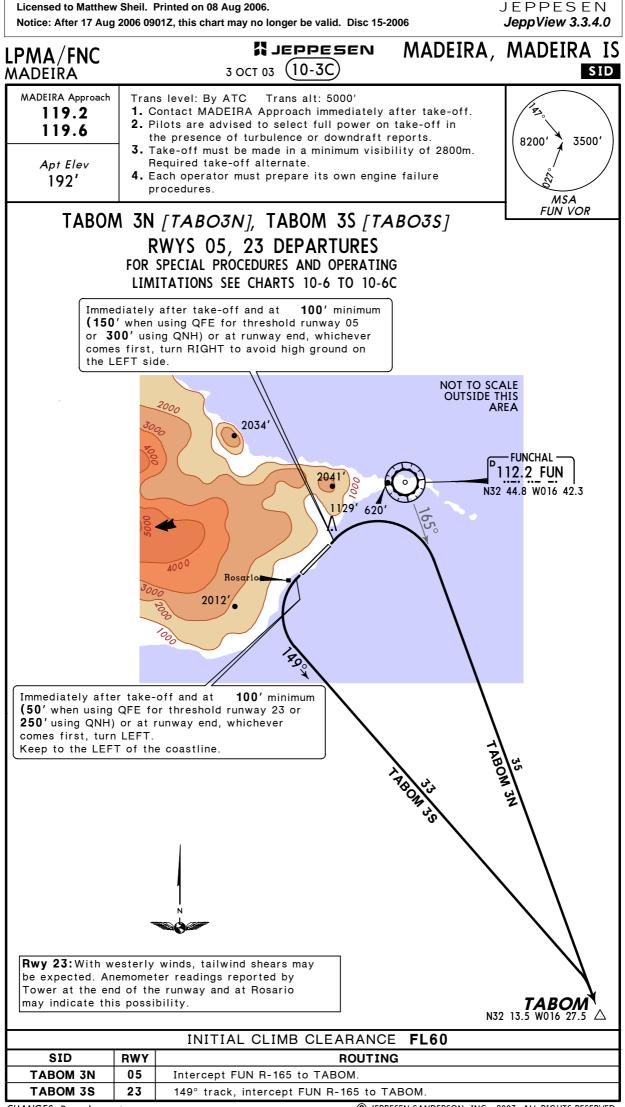


CHANGES: Procedure notes

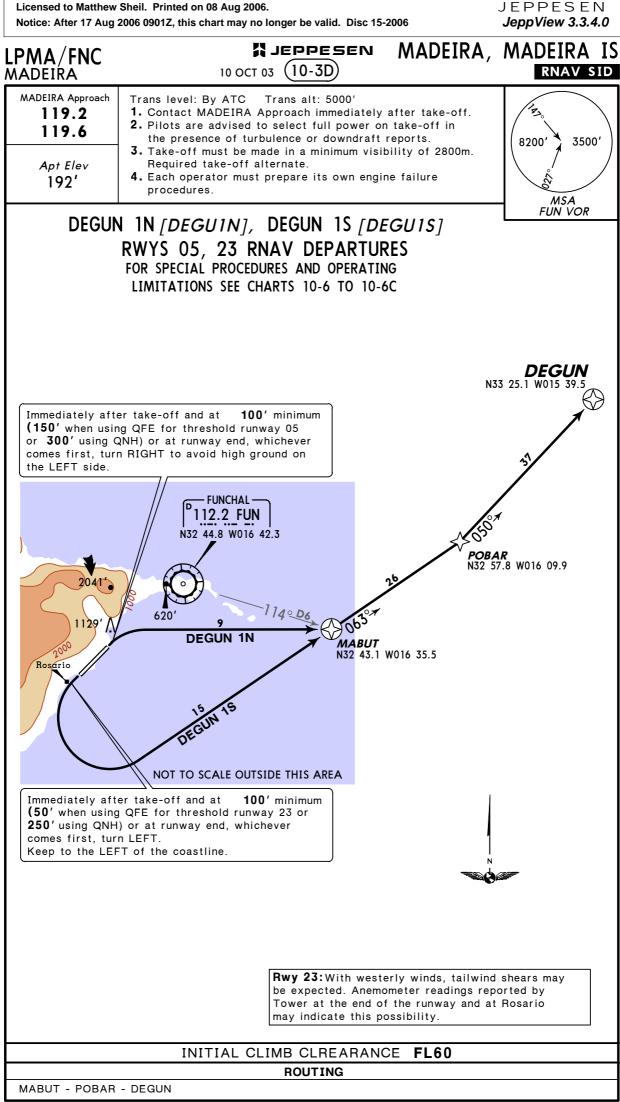
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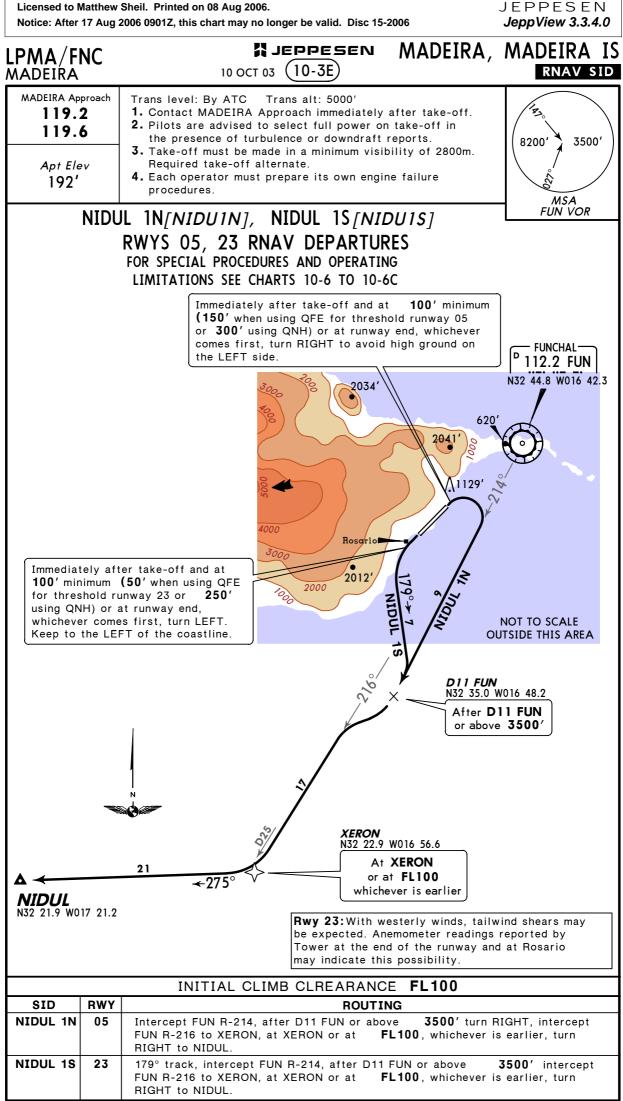
CHANGES: Procedure notes.



CHANGES: Procedure notes.



CHANGES: See other side.



CHANGES: Track XERON - NIDUL.

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LPMA/FNC

11 JUL 03 (10-6)

MADEIRA, MADEIRA IS MADEIRA

AIRPORT BRIEFING

SPECIAL PROCEDURES AND OPERATING LIMITATIONS

OPERATING AT MADEIRA AIRPORT

- a) The airport is located on a plateau on the East coast of Madeira Island. Except for the seaside ground raises rapidly very closed to it. This fact generates, very often, wind variation and turbulence. Also severe low altitude wind shear conditions and/or microburst are likely to be encountered.
- b) STRAIGHT-IN APPROACHES NOT AUTHORIZED FROM FUNCHAL VOR TO RWY 23.
 - 1. APPLICABILITY
 - a) The following items 2 thru 5 are mandatory to scheduled and non-scheduled revenue flights involving aircraft with a capacity in excess of 10 passengers.
 - b) Pilots are informed that, at any time, they may be required to show evidence to Madeira airport authorities of compliance with referred items.
 - 2. CREW REQUIREMENTS
 - a) Initial experience
 - To operate at Madeira airport, the Pilot-in-Command must have a minimum of 200 flying hours as captain on the concerned type of aircraft, before completing the initial training.
 - b) Recent experience

To operate at Madeira airport, the Pilot-in-Command must have performed there, on the last 6 months:

- one landing and take-off or,
- a flight simulator training comprising a landing and take-off on each runway, on a simulated adverse weather condition or,
- a line training flight to Madeira airport, comprising a landing and take-off, assisted by a qualified instructor occupying the right-hand seat.
- 3. MINIMUM TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

In order to operate at Madeira airport, the operator must establish and accomplish beforehand a training program concerning the type of aircraft to be used. This training, if performed on local flights, must include at least, landings and take-offs by day and night in both directions, emphasizing:

- the take-off flight path to runway 23;
- the take-off flight path to runway 05;
- the balked landing (go-around initiated in landing configuration from very low height) on both directions;
- the let-down and approach to both runways;

- the operational effect on runway slope and dimensions and associated safety margins. If the training is to be performed in a flight simulator, the following procedures must be included in the training program, for each runway:

- a) Take-off with engine failure after V1;
- b) Relight after engine failure;
- c) VOR approach;
- d) Balked landing and go-around;
- e) Visual approach;
- f) Landing;
- g) Weather conditions: Winds the maximums as indicated in Operating Procedures and Limitations paragraph 1.b. & 1.c. (see 10-6A & 10-6B), severe turbulence. Windshear and up and downdrafts must be included in the different approaches;
- h) One landing at night must be executed for each runway.

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MADEIRA, MADEIRA IS MADEIRA

OPERATING AT MADEIRA AIRPORT (cont'd)

4. LINE TRAINING

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No line training is required if the flight simulator used is level D. If level C flight simulator is used, line training must be performed with one landing and take-off at Madeira airport, with an instructor occupying the right-hand seat.

5. AIRCRAFT TYPE CHANGE

A captain qualified at Madeira airport in one type of aircraft, changing to another type, must do the flight simulator training program mentioned in paragraph 3 or, instead, will land and take-off in both runways without passengers on board and no line training will be required on both cases.

6. TRAINING PROGRAM

The training program referred in paragraph 3 will have to be approved by INAC (Portuguese Civil Aviation Authority).

7. DEVIATIONS OR UNCONFORMITIES

Any deviations or unconformities stated from requirements stated in paragraph 2 thru 5 will be dealt in a case by case basis.

RESPONSIBILITY

Compliance with operating limitations is mandatory. Any deviation must be reported to INAC by Tower.

OPERATING PROCEDURES AND LIMITATIONS

- 1. WIND/TURBULENCE
 - a. Wind Information

On downwind and final approach to rwy 05 the Control Tower will provide two minutes mean wind values at Rosario and touch down. Instantaneous wind read out will be provided at pilot's request.

- b. Wind Limitations
 - When landing

Maximum of two minutes mean wind speed values indicated by the touchdown anemometer:

- In the sector 300° to 010° MAG (clockwise) 15 KT with a maximum wind gust of 25 KT.
- In the sector 020° to 040° MAG (clockwise) 20 KT with a maximum wind gust of 30 KT.
- In the sector 120° to 190° MAG (clockwise) and if rwy in use is 05 20 KT, with a maximum wind gust of 30 KT, and if runway in use is 23 - 15 KT subject also to a maximum wind gust of 25 KT as indicated by MID anemometer.

Maximum of two minutes mean wind speed values, including gust indicated by the MID or Rosario anemometer:

- In the sector 200° to 230° MAG (clockwise) - 25 KT.

Cont'd

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MADEIRA, MADEIRA IS MADEIRA

OPERATING PROCEDURES AND LIMITATIONS (cont'd)

- b. Wind Limitations (cont'd)
 - When taking-off
 - Maximum of two minutes mean wind speed values indicated by the MID anemometer:
 - In the sector 300° to 010° MAG (clockwise) 20 KT with no gust limitations.
 - In the sector 020° to 040° MAG (clockwise) 25 KT with no gust limitations.
 - In the sector 120° to 190° MAG (clockwise), and if runway in use is 05 25 KT with no gust limitations, and if runway in use is 23 - 20 KT also with no gust limitations.

NOTE: The limitations above do not supersede any operators or AOM limitations if these are more restrictive.

- c. Turbulence
 - Attention should be paid to the WIND DIRECTION INDICATORS located on the south side of the runway, near each touch-down area. They will reflect unexpected wind changes. Occasionally they will indicate wind from opposite directions.
 - When landing on rwy 05 wind differences higher than 5 KT, between Rosario and MID anemometer, may indicate turbulence on final.
 - When landing on rwy 23 with winds from southerly and westerly sectors, severe turbulences may be experienced at low altitude over the rwy threshold.
 - Headwind or nearly so, up to 15 KT will cause "WEAK" turbulence on final;
 - Wind of 15 KT from sector 020° to 050° MAG (clockwise) may cause "MODERATE" turbulence;
 - Wind of 15 KT or even less from sector 300° to 020° MAG (clockwise) may cause "SEVERE" turbulence;
 - Down or updrafts are to be expected near the threshold of runways 05 and 23.

NOTE: Pilots are strongly requested to report to the Control Tower as soon as possible any turbulence and/or windshear that may affect operational conditions.

VISUAL APPROACH PROCEDURES

See appropriate charts for approaches to rwy 05 and 23

LANDING PROCEDURES

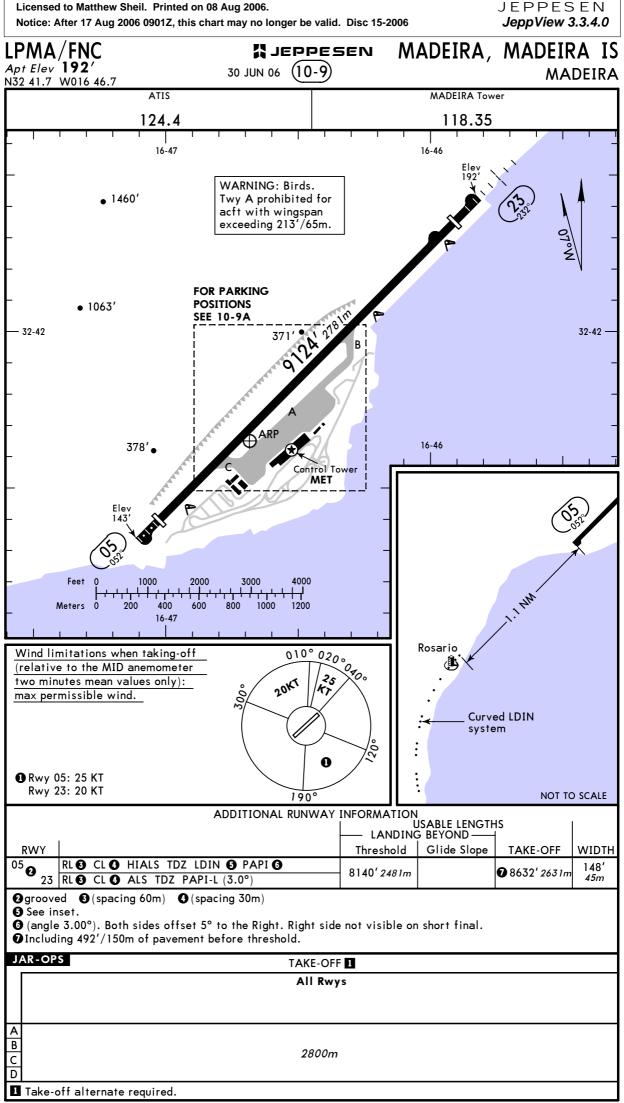
All landings are to be made in visual conditions (see appropriate chart).

DEPARTURE PROCEDURES

Pilots are advised to select full power on take-off in the presence of turbulence or downdraft reports. Take-off on both runways must be made in a minimum visibility shown on 10-9, required take-off alternate.

There are curved trajectories defined for both runways and for all engines.

Each operator must prepare its own engine failure procedure.



CHANGES: None.

